

Stop Norovirus!

Norovirus causes diarrhea and vomiting. It spreads easily from an infected person to others, especially in long-term care facilities. Elderly residents are more likely to become very sick or die from norovirus.

Protect yourself and elderly residents from norovirus.

WASH YOUR HANDS



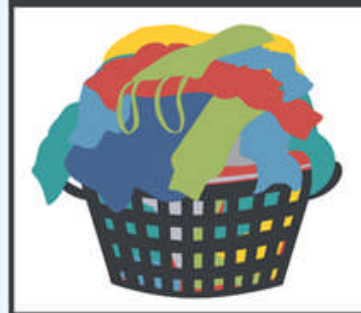
Wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds each time and avoid touching your mouth.

CLEAN SURFACES



Use a bleach-based cleaner or other approved product* to disinfect surfaces and objects that are frequently touched.

WASH LAUNDRY



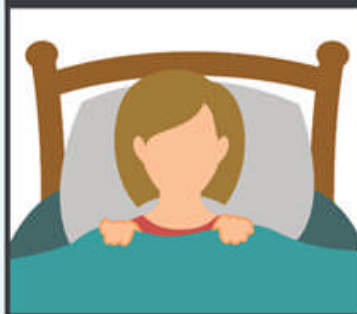
Remove and wash soiled clothes and linens immediately, then tumble dry.

USE GOWN AND GLOVES



Use gown and gloves when touching or caring for patients to reduce exposure to vomit or fecal matter.

STAY HOME WHEN SICK



If you're sick, stay home and don't take care of or visit people in long-term care facilities for at least 2 days after your symptoms stop.

For more information, visit www.cdc.gov/norovirus



U.S. Department of
Health and Human Services
Centers for Disease
Control and Prevention

*Use a chlorine bleach solution with a concentration of 1000-5000 ppm (5-25 tablespoons of household bleach [5.25%] per gallon of water) or other disinfectant registered as effective against norovirus by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) at http://www.epa.gov/oppad001/list_g_norovirus.pdf

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